The use of personal cleansing wipes on the fire incident scene is necessary in reducing exposure to the product of combustion. An article published in the Journal of Occupational and Environmental Hygiene (“Contamination of firefighter personal protective equipment and skin and the effectiveness of decontamination procedures”) states that “cleansing wipes were able to reduce Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH) contamination on the neck skin by a median of 54%.”

What kind of wipes should be used?
Most cleansing wipes are manufactured similarly with some variations noted:
- Avoid purchasing cleansing wipes with ingredients that promote absorption like lanolin or aloe.
- Some wipes are designed to remove heavy metal particles off the exposed skin areas as heavy metal particles are often suspended in structure fire smoke.

How to Use Wipes:
- Have the cleansing wipes located in the contamination reduction or warm zone. Use the cleansing wipes to decontaminate before heading into the cold zone where rehab would occur.
- Carefully remove your structure fire gloves. Try to avoid hand contact with the exterior of the gloves.
- Use multiple wipes for a preliminary exposure reduction:
  - Wipe hands, wipe under fingernails and don nitrile gloves.
  - Wipe your neck and throat.
  - Wipe your forehead and face eyelids and hair.
  - Use the last wipe to clean any other area of exposed skin or skin that is susceptible to a high degree of absorption (arm pits or groin.)
  - Use wipe to clean nostrils and blow nose into wipe.

See the video below on the proper use of wipes after a fire incident:
FDNY: Use of Wipes Video